

| | Affairs (DVA) for \$70,000. |
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| 1948-1956 | Former Montney Reserve lands are sold and transferred to individual returning war veterans. Although the DVA did not have valid title to the mineral rights for the lands, those rights were included in the sale. |
| 1949 | DIA is made aware that there is valuable oil and gas in the area, but does nothing to inform DVA that they do not hold subsurface rights |
| 1950 | Three small reserves are surveyed for the Band close to their trapping areas at Hanás Saahgé? (Doig River), Blueberry River and the Beatton River. These reserves total 6194 acres - one third of the original Montney Reserve's size. |
| 1960 | For the first time, Canada's First Nations people are allowed to vote without losing their Treaty rights. |
| 1976 | Oil and gas production began on the former Montney Reserve. In that same year, the Fort St. John Beaver Band splits into the Blueberry River and Doig River Bands. |
| 1977 | A DIA officer discovers that the Doig River and Blueberry River Bands still retain their subsurface rights to the Montney Reserve; these rights have been held in trust for the Bands by the Crown. The DIA officer reports this to the Bands. |
| 1978 | The Band commences legal action claiming damages for the improvident surrender and improper transfer of mineral rights. |
| 1988 | Trial Court says that the thirty-year statute of limitations prevents the Band's appeal. |
| 1992 | Federal Court of Appeals issues a split decision, particularly regarding the loss of the subsurface rights; The Doig River and Blueberry River Bands appeal. |

| 1995 | Supreme Court of Canada finds the Crown breached its fiduciary obligation by selling the Band's mineral rights, and making no effort to correct its error in 1949, when it should have done so. The Court awards damages for royalties from 6.75 sections (of the original 28 sections at Montney) that had not already been transferred to veterans by 1949. |
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| 1997 | After intensive negotiations, the Bands and government reach an out-of-court settlement for \$147 million as restitution for royalties that should have gone to the Doig River and Blueberry River Bands. |
| 2000 | The Doig River and Blueberry River First Nations' Chiefs and Councils begin pursuing Treaty Land Entitlement negotiations with the federal government in order to rectify the difference between the number of people who were allotted land in 1914 and the actual number of people who should have received land at that time, but were left off the Band List. Once negotiations are completed, the Doig and Blueberry Bands will be entitled to select additional lands. |